

Jason Wiggins Creative, LLC Engagement Questionnaire

Client Name Month 00, 0000

This branding framework is built to flex around your needs. It is not a rigid set of questions that must be answered.

The goal isn't to check off all the boxes. Instead, we want to start an informed, objective conversation that leads to unique insights that set your brand apart.

The questions start with a wide view of your industry then get more specific as we look at your competition, customers, and finally your brand. It's easier to take an objective look at yourself after analyzing the environment in which you operate.

Feel free to answer directly in the space provided. Or, if you would like more space, respond with an email or Word Doc with the question number and answer.

Answer as many or as few questions as are relevant. The 13 questions in bold blue on pages 20 - 25 should be answered. However, the more questions you answer, the more insights we may glean. We can help you fill in the blanks. Then, we'll be taking an outsiders view of your answers to validate or challenge your perceptions.

The results of this exercise will get us to the heart of your brand and help establish an initial timeline and creative brief.

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INDUSTRY QUESTIONNAIRE

GETTING TO KNOW YOUR INDUSTRY

- 1. What market is your brand in?
- 2. How big is your market?
- 3. Where is the market lifecycle? (introduction, growth, maturity, decline)
- 4. What is the primary driver in this market? (quality, lifestyle, heritage, convenience, amenities, etc.)
- 5. How is the health of the market?
- 6. Is the market over-served or under-served?
- 7. Will technology, regulations, innovations, materials, labor, or geopolitical forces be disrupting the market or offering anytime soon?



GETTING TO KNOW YOUR INDUSTRY - SWOT

	HELPFUL	HARMFUL
INTERNAL FORCES		WEAKNESSES
EXTERNAL FORCES	OPPORTUNITIES	THREATS





COMPETITOR QUESTIONNAIRE

GETTING TO KNOW COMPETITOR 1

8. Competitor name.	
9. What are their primary offerings?	
10. Cost and quality of product or services.	
11. Features, qualities, and benefits of their offerings.	
12. What is their Value Proposition?	A value proposition, or benefit, is a promise of value
	to be delivered. It may include actual results from previous jobs. Typically a short paragraph.
13. What is their unique selling point (USP)?	A unique selling point,

or reason to believe, differentiates a brand from its competitors. Examples are innovations, first of its kind, highest quality, specialty, guarantee, process, etc.



GETTING TO KNOW COMPETITOR 1 - CONTINUED

14. How do they brand themselves? 15. What messages and visuals do they use? 16. What marketing efforts are they undertaking? 17. Similarities to your brand. 18. Differences from your brand.



GETTING TO KNOW COMPETITOR 1 - CONTINUED

19. How are they viewed, reviews, mentions?

20. Why would a customer choose them over you or vice versa?

21. Who are their users?



GETTING TO KNOW COMPETITOR 2

22. Competitor name.	
23. What are their primary offerings?	
24. Cost and quality of product or services.	
25. Features, qualities, and benefits of their offerings.	
26. What is their Value Proposition?	
	A value proposition, or benefit, is a promise of value to be delivered. It may includ actual results from previous jobs. Typically a short paragraph.
27. What is their unique selling point (USP)?	
	A unique selling point, or reason to believe, differentiates a brand from it



or reason to believe, differentiates a brand from its competitors. Examples are innovations, first of its kind, highest quality, specialty, guarantee, process, etc.

GETTING TO KNOW COMPETITOR 2 - CONTINUED

28. How do they brand themselves? 29. What messages and visuals do they use? 30. What marketing efforts are they undertaking? 31. Similarities to your brand.



GETTING TO KNOW COMPETITOR 2 - CONTINUED

33. How are they viewed, reviews, mentions?

34. Why would a customer choose them over you or vice versa?

35. Who are their users?



GETTING TO KNOW COMPETITOR 3

36. Competitor name.	
37. What are their primary offerings?	
38. Cost and quality of product or services.	
39. Features, qualities, and benefits of their offerings.	
40. What is their Value Proposition?	
	A value proposition, or benefit, is a promise of value to be delivered. It may include actual results from previous jobs. Typically a short paragraph.
41. What is their unique selling point (USP)?	
	A unique selling point , or reason to believe, differentiates a brand from its

or reason to believe, differentiates a brand from its competitors. Examples are innovations, first of its kind, highest quality, specialty, guarantee, process, etc.



GETTING TO KNOW COMPETITOR 3 - CONTINUED

42. How do they brand themselves? 43. What messages and visuals do they use? 44. What marketing efforts are they undertaking? 45. Similarities to your brand. 46. Differences from your brand.



GETTING TO KNOW COMPETITOR 3 - CONTINUED

47. How are they viewed, reviews, mentions?

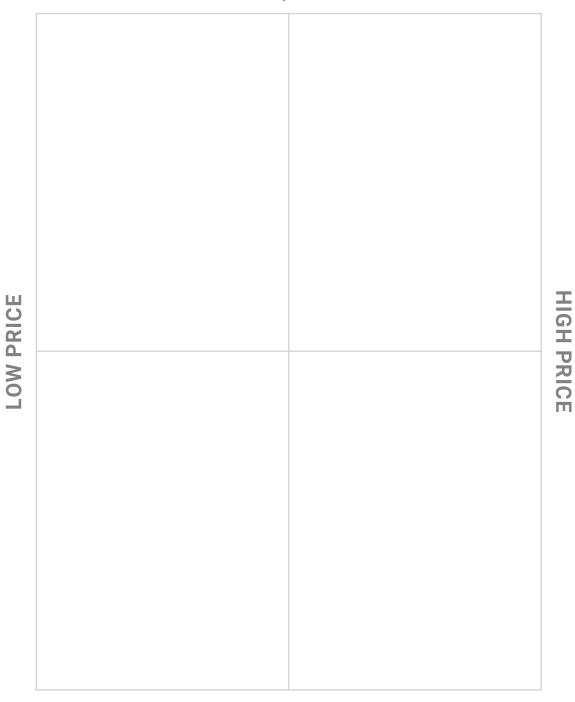
48. Why would a customer choose them over you or vice versa?

49. Who are their users?



COMPARING COMPETITORS - PRICE AND QUALITY

HIGH QUALITY



LOW QUALITY





CUSTOMER QUESTIONNAIRE

GETTING TO KNOW YOUR CUSTOMERS

50. Our customers could be described as (general):

Additional persona worksheets available at the end of this document.

51. We help our customers:

52. We make our customers feel:

53. Why would a customer choose you over them or vice versa?





YOUR BRAND QUESTIONNAIRE

GETTING TO KNOW YOUR STRUCTURE

54. Company name.
55. Brand architecture, if any?
56. What are your primary offerings?
57. What is your competitive position in this market? (quality, lifestyle, heritage, amenities, convenience, etc.)
58. Purpose (Mission): Why do you exist? What do you do?
59. Promise (Vision): How does the purpose become a reality?



60. Potential. Do you have the resources to obtain the

promise and purpose, or do you need to reevaluate?

GETTING TO KNOW YOUR PERSONALITY

61. Values: What does your brand believe in?
62. Our personality or that special something that sets us apart is:
63. We are best described as:
64. Our brand loves:
65. Our brand loathes:



GETTING TO KNOW YOUR MESSAGING

66. Brand history.
67. Features, qualities, and benefits of your offerings.
68. Value proposition?
69. What is your unique selling point (USP)?
70. Elevator Pitch.
71. Slogan.

Here we are going to start with the broadest view of your brand, and then step by step; we will distill that message to its essence.

A brand history is more than something that was whipped up in a marketing meeting. You are also not the only author. It's where you've been, what you believe, what people say about you when you're not in the room, your successes and your stumbles, the quality, and authenticity of customer engagement, etc.

A value proposition, or benefit, is a promise of value to be delivered. It may include actual results from previous jobs. Typically a short paragraph.

A unique selling point,

or reason to believe, differentiates a brand from its competitors. Examples are innovations, first of its kind, highest quality, specialty, guarantee, process, etc.

An **elevator pitch** is 1 -2 sentences that efficiently communicates what you do and for who you do it.

A **slogan** is the most distilled essence of who you are, what you do, who you serve, benefits, lifestyle, etc. "Just do it" and "The real thing." speak to the brand essence, but they are so refined that without context, they may not communicate.



GETTING TO KNOW YOUR GOALS

72. What are your goals from this rebrand?

73. What challenges do you foresee hitting those goals?

74. What measurables will indicate your goals have been met?

75. Where do you see your organization in 1, 5, 10 years?



UNDERSTANDING YOUR BRAND - SWOT

	HELPFUL	HARMFUL
INTERNAL FORCES	STRENGTHS	WEAKNESSES
EXTERNAL FORCES	OPPORTUNITIES	THREATS



LOGISTICS

76. What departments/personnel are stakeholders in this project?

77. Who are your primary decision-makers?

78. Who has final sign off?

79. Will all stakeholders, decision-makers, and approvers be involved from the start? If not, why, and can we change that?



LOGISTICS - CONTINUED

80. Are there any foreseeable hurdles?

81. What else might be beneficial for us to know?

82. Do internal policies and procedures help or hinder the overall mission? Is funding for the creation and management of the brand sufficient?

83. Have brand standards been established?

84. Is anyone in charge of brand consistency? If so, is this a person of power and is their opinion heeded?





Additional Worksheets

The following pages contain questions and exercises to help get you over any creative speed bumps as well as gain empathy for customers and additional brand insights.

GETTING TO KNOW YOUR CUSTOMERS - PERSONA 1

85. Name 86. Demographics 87. My unique story 88. My goals and objectives 89. My pain points



GETTING TO KNOW YOUR CUSTOMERS - PERSONA 1 - CONT.

NG TO KNOW TOUR COSTOWIERS - PERSONA I - CONT
90. My needs
91. Value propositions that matter to me
92.I want to hear the following message
93. I want to be addressed in the following tone
94. I prefer the following channels of communication



GETTING TO KNOW YOUR CUSTOMERS - PERSONA 2

95. Name 96. Demographics 97. My unique story 98. My goals and objectives 99. My pain points



GETTING TO KNOW YOUR CUSTOMERS - PERSONA 2 - CONT.

100.My needs 101. Value propositions that matter to me 102.I want to hear the following message 103.I want to be addressed in the following tone 104.I prefer the following channels of communication



GETTING TO KNOW YOUR CUSTOMERS - PERSONA 3

105.Name 106.Demographics 107. My unique story 108. My goals and objectives 109. My pain points



GETTING TO KNOW YOUR CUSTOMERS - PERSONA 3 - CONT.

 NG TO KNOW TOOK COSTOWIERS - PERSONA 3 - CONT
110. My needs
111. Value propositions that matter to me
112. I want to hear the following message
113. I want to be addressed in the following tone
114. I prefer the following channels of communication



GETTING TO KNOW YOUR CUSTOMERS - PERSONA 4

115. Name 116. Demographics 117. My unique story 118. My goals and objectives 119. My pain points



GETTING TO KNOW YOUR CUSTOMERS - PERSONA 4 - CONT.

 ING TO KNOW YOUR COSTOWIERS - PERSONA 4 - CONT.
120.My needs
121. Value propositions that matter to me
122.I want to hear the following message
123.I want to be addressed in the following tone
124.I prefer the following channels of communication



BRAND IDENTITY EXTENSIONS

125. Brand as product

126. Brand as person

127. Brand as organization

128.Brand as symbol

Thinking of your brand in abstract forms can uncover hidden insights. For example:

Brand as product can help uncover intangibles such as price point, quality, etc.

Brand as person can help when developing language to create emotional bonds with customers

Brand as organization defines your business culture.

Brand as symbol helps to distill the essence of your brand into a simple visual symbol and can even help with messaging.



PYRAMID BRAND FRAMEWORK

